

SAFETY DATA SHEET



XW 1015-1 BD

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : XW 1015-1 BD
Registration number / Legal entity :
Product code : 00052968
Product description : Not available.
Other means of identification : Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Hardener for adhesive systems

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier : Huntsman Advanced Materials (Europe)BVBA
 Everslaan 45
 3078 Everberg / Belgium
 Tel.: +41 61 299 20 41
 Fax: +41 61 299 20 40

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : Global_Product_EHS_AdMat@huntsman.com

E-mail address to request full REACH registration number upon EU member State Authority request :
 REACH_Registration_Nr_AM@huntsman.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

Telephone number : EUROPE: +32 35 75 1234
 France ORFILA: +33(0)145425959
 ASIA: +65 6336-6011
 China: +86 20 39377888
 India: +91 22 4050 6333
 Australia: 1800 786 152
 New Zealand: 0800 767 437
 USA: +1/800/424.9300

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H332
 Skin Corr. 1B, H314
 Eye Dam. 1, H318
 Skin Sens. 1, H317
 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Ingredients of unknown toxicity :

Ingredients of unknown ecotoxicity :

Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification : T; R23
 C; R34
 R43
 N; R51/53

Human health hazards : Toxic by inhalation. Causes burns. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Environmental hazards : Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Harmful if inhaled.
 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : Not applicable.

Prevention : Wear protective gloves: >8 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber, Ethyl Vinyl Alcohol Laminate (EVAL). Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Avoid release to the environment.

Response : IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage : Store locked up.

Disposal : Not applicable.

Hazardous ingredients : 3,6,9,12-Tetraazatetradecamethylenediamine
 2,2'-iminodi(ethylamine)

Supplemental label elements : Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings : Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Not available.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification		Type
			67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	
3,6,9,12-Tetraazatetradecamethylenediamine	CAS: 4067-16-7 EC: 223-775-9	13-30	Xn; R21/22 C; R34 R43 N; R50/53	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	[1]
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	CAS: 68082-29-1 EC: 500-191-5	13-30	Xi; R41	Eye Dam. 1, H318	[1]
2,2'-iminodi(ethylamine)	CAS: 111-40-0 EC: 203-865-4	3-7	T+; R26 Xn; R21/22 C; R34 Xi; R37 R43	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	CAS: 80-05-7 EC: 201-245-8 RRN: 01-2119457856-23	1-3	Repr. Cat. 3; R62 Xi; R41, R37 R43 R52	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361f STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]
trientine	CAS: 112-24-3 EC: 203-950-6	1-3	Xn; R21/22 C; R34 R43 R52/53 See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above.	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1]

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Other means of identification

REACH Product name	CAS no.	Other	CAS no.
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	68082-29-1	polyaminoamide adduct	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled. May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : Symptomatic treatment and supportive therapy as indicated. Following severe exposure the patient should be kept under medical review for at least 48 hours.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
sulfur oxides
metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special precautions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store between the following temperatures: 2 to 40°C (35.6 to 104°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Storage hazard class : Storage class 8, Corrosive substances
Huntsman Advanced Materials

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
diethylenetriamine	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2007). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 4.3 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 1 ppm 8 hour(s).
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2012). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). Form: inhalable dust

Workplace exposure limits (for total dust and inhalable quartz dust) must be complied with. If this is not possible, then suitable dust masks must be worn.

W A R N I N G ! This product contains quartz, which has been classified by IARC as carcinogenic for humans (Group 1), and which can cause silicosis and lung cancer following exposure to respirable dust. It is therefore important to take particular care to avoid inhalation exposure when mechanically processing cured material (e.g. grinding, sanding, sawing).

QUARTZ (CAS RN 14808-60-7):

United Kingdom: TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: respirable dust

Ireland: OELV-8hr: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: respirable dust

Switzerland: TWA: 0.15 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: respirable dust

Australia: TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hour(s)

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to European Standard EN 689 for methods for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents and national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances.

Derived effect levels

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
trientine	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	5380 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.57 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.028 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1600 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1 mg/cm ²	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.25 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.29 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.41 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.43 mg/cm ²	Consumers	Local

Predicted effect concentrations

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

trientine	PNEC	Fresh water	190 µg/l	Assessment Factors Equilibrium Partitioning Assessment Factors Assessment Factors Equilibrium Partitioning Equilibrium Partitioning Assessment Factors Assessment Factors
	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	95.9 mg/kg	
	PNEC	Marine	38 µg/l	
	PNEC	PNECintermittent	200 µg/l	
	PNEC	Marine water sediment	19.2 mg/kg	
	PNEC	Soil	19.1 mg/kg	
	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	4.25 mg/l	
	PNEC	Secondary Poisoning	0.18 mg/kg	

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Material of gloves for long term application (BTT>480min): : butyl rubber, Ethyl Vinyl Alcohol Laminate (EVAL)

Material of gloves for short term/splash application (10min<BTT<480min): : nitrile rubber

(BTT = Break Through Time)

Use gloves approved to relevant standards e.g. EN 374 (Europe), F739 (US). Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material and dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Additional information can be found for instance at www.gisbau.de.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid. [Paste.]
Colour	: grey
Odour	: Amine-like.
Odour threshold	: Not available.
pH	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: >200°C
Flash point	: Closed cup: >100°C [DIN 51758 EN 22719 (Pensky-Martens Closed Cup)]
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Burning time	: Not applicable.
Burning rate	: Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Not available.
Vapour pressure	: <0.1 kPa [20°C]
Vapour density	: Not available.
Relative density	: Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	: Slightly soluble
	20 deg C
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water (LogK _{ow})	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: >200°C
Viscosity	: Dynamic (25°C): 50000 - 100000 mPa·s Kinematic: Not available. Kinematic (40°C): Not available.
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.

9.2 Other information

Density	: 1.65 g/cm ³ [25°C (77°F)]
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidising agents
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Decomposition products may include the following materials: Nitrogen oxides,
 Burning produces obnoxious and toxic fumes., Carbon oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information**11.1 Information on toxicological effects****Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Endpoint	Species	Result	Exposure
3,6,9,12-Tetraazatetradecamethylenediamine	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	1465.4 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	1716.2 mg/kg	-
2,2'-iminodi(ethylamine)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	0.07 to 0.3 mg/L	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	1090 mg/kg 1500 to 2000 mg/kg	- -
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	>170 mg/m3	6 hours
	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit - Male, Rat - Male, Female	6400 mg/kg 2000 to 5000 mg/kg	- -
trientine	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	1465 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	1716 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : No additional information.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	7276.6 mg/kg
Dermal	5831.7 mg/kg
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	4.361 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result
3,6,9,12-Tetraazatetradecamethylenediamine	OECD 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Severe irritant
	OECD 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Corrosive
2,2'-iminodi(ethylamine)	-	Rabbit	Corrosive
	-	Rabbit	Corrosive
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	OECD 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Non-irritant.
	OECD 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Severe irritant
trientine	-	Rabbit	Corrosive

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : No additional information.

Eyes : No additional information.

Respiratory : No additional information.

Sensitiser

Product/ingredient name	Test	Route of exposure	Species	Result

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

3,6,9,12-Tetraazatetradecamethylenediamine	OECD 406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising
2,2'-iminodi(ethylamine)	-	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	OECD 429 Skin Sensitisation: Local Lymph Node Assay	skin	Mouse	Not sensitizing
trientine	OECD 406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : No additional information.
Respiratory : No additional information.

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
3,6,9,12-Tetraazatetradecamethylenediamine	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Positive
	OECD 482 Genetic Toxicology: DNA Damage and Repair, Unscheduled DNA Synthesis in Mammalian Cells in vitro	Negative
	OECD 433 Acute Inhalation Toxicity-Fixed Dose Procedure	Negative
2,2'-iminodi(ethylamine)	-	Negative
	-	Negative
	-	Negative
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	-	Negative
	OECD 474 Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test	Negative
trientine	-	Negative

Conclusion/Summary : trientine The weight of the scientific evidence indicates that this material is non-genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Exposure	Result	Route of exposure	Target organs
3,6,9,12-Tetraazatetradecamethylenediamine	OECD 451 Carcinogenicity Studies	Mouse	104 weeks; 3 days per week	Negative	Dermal	-
2,2'-iminodi(ethylamine)	-	Mouse	3 days per week	Negative	Dermal	-
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	-	Rat	103 weeks; 7 days per week	Negative	Oral	-
trientine	OECD 451 Carcinogenicity Studies	Mouse	3 days per week	Negative	Dermal	-

Conclusion/Summary : No additional information.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result/Result type	Target organs
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	-	Rat	Oral: 5 mg/kg NOAEL	-

Conclusion/Summary : trientine In accordance with column 2 of Annex VII - X of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, the test for this property of the substance does not need to be conducted.

Teratogenicity

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result/Result type
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol trientine	-	Rat - Female	640 mg/kg NOAEL
	OECD 414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rat	>750 mg/kg NOAEL
	OECD 414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rabbit	125 mg/kg NOAEL

Conclusion/Summary : No additional information.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2,2'-iminodi(ethylamine)	Category 3	Not determined	Respiratory tract irritation
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	Category 3	Not determined	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Inhalation** : Harmful if inhaled. May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Ingestion** : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result type	Result	Target organs

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

3,6,9,12-Tetraazatetradecamethylenediamine	OECD 408 Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	NOAEL -	50 mg/kg/d	lungs
2,2'-iminodi(ethylamine)	-	NOEL -	70 to 80 mg/kg/d	kidneys, liver
		NOAEL -	114 mg/kg/d	-
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	OECD 407 Repeated Dose 28-day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	NOEC Vapour	550 mg/m3	-
	Unknown guidelines	LOAEL -	600 mg/kg	-
trientine	-	NOEC Dusts and mists	10 mg/m3	respiratory tract
		NOAEL -	50 mg/kg/d	-

- Conclusion/Summary** : No additional information.
- General** : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Other information** : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Endpoint	Exposure	Species	Result
3,6,9,12-Tetraazatetradecamethylenediamine	EU EEC (1988)	Acute EC50	30 minutes Static	Bacteria	>1600 mg/L
	EU EC C.2 Acute Toxicity for Daphnia	Acute EC50	48 hours Static	Daphnia	17.5 mg/L
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Acute EbC50 (biomass)	72 hours Static	Algae	0.7 mg/L
	EU EC C.1 Acute Toxicity for Fish	Acute LC50	96 hours Semi-static	Fish	0.18 g/l
2,2'-iminodi(ethylamine)	OECD OECD 202: Part II (Daphnia sp., Reproduction Test)	Chronic EC50	21 days Semi-static	Daphnia	10 mg/L
	-	Acute EC50	48 hours	Daphnia	17 mg/L
	-	Acute LC50	96 hours	Fish	332 mg/L
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	-	Chronic NOEC	21 days Semi-static	Daphnia	5.6 mg/L
	-	Acute EC50	96 hours	Algae	2.5 to 3.1 mg/L
trientine	-	Acute EC50	48 hours	Daphnia	3.9 to 10.2 mg/L
	-	Acute LC50	96 hours	Fish	7.5 mg/L
	-	Acute EC50	30 minutes Static	Bacteria	800 mg/L
	-	Acute EC50	48 hours Static	Daphnia	31.1 mg/L
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Acute ErC50 (growth rate)	72 hours Semi-static	Algae	20 mg/L
-	Acute LC50	96 hours Static	Fish	330 mg/L	

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

	OECD OECD 202: Part II (Daphnia sp., Reproduction Test)	Chronic EC50	21 days Semi-static	Daphnia	10	mg/L
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Conclusion/Summary : No additional information.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Period	Result
3,6,9,12-Tetraazatetradecamethylenediamine	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	162 days	0 %
2,2'-iminodi(ethylamine)	-	28 days	<60 %
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	-	28 days	1 to 2 %
trientine	OECD 302A Inherent Biodegradability: Modified SCAS Test	84 days	20 %
	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	28 days	0 %

Conclusion/Summary : trientine Not biodegradable

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
2,2'-iminodi(ethylamine)	-	-	Not readily
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	-	-	Not readily
trientine	-	-	Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
3,6,9,12-Tetraazatetradecamethylenediamine	-3.67	-	low
2,2'-iminodi(ethylamine)	-1.3	-	low
trientine	-1.4 to 2.9	99	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

12.7 Other ecological information**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods**Product**

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Hazardous waste : Yes.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
07 02 04*	other organic solvents, washing liquids and mother liquors




Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spill material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	14.1 UN number	14.2 UN proper shipping name
ADR/RID	UN2735	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. PENTAETHYLENE HEXAMINE
IMDG	UN2735	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (PENTAETHYLENE HEXAMINE) (Diethylenetriamine). Marine pollutant (pentaethylenehexamine)
IATA	UN2735	Polyamines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (PENTAETHYLENE HEXAMINE) (Diethylenetriamine)

	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 Packing group	14.5 Environmental hazards	14.6 Special precautions for user	Additional information
ADR/RID	8 	II	Yes.	Not available.	Hazard identification number 80 Special provisions 274 Tunnel code E
IMDG	8 	II	Yes.	Not available.	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-B
IATA	8 	II	Yes.	Not available.	Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 1 L Packaging instructions: 851 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 30 L Packaging instructions: 855

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code : Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

This product is compliant with the REACH Regulation EC 1907/2006. Huntsman has pre-registered and is registering all of the substances that it manufactures in or imports into the European Economic Area (EEA) that are subject to Title II of the REACH Regulation.

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted.
 Black List Chemicals : Not listed
 Priority List Chemicals : Listed
 Integrated pollution prevention and control list (IPPC) - Air : Not listed
 Integrated pollution prevention and control list (IPPC) - Water : Not listed

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	-	-	-	Repr. 2, H361f

National regulations

References : The provision of Safety Data Sheets comes under Regulation 6 of CHIP (CHIP is the recognised abbreviation for the Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Regulations). This is an addition to the Health and Safety at Work Act 1974.

International regulations

Australia inventory (AICS) : All components are listed or exempted.
 Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.
 China inventory (IECSC) : Not determined.
 Japan inventory : All components are listed or exempted.
 Korea inventory (KECI) : Not determined.
 New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) : At least one component is not listed.
 Philippines inventory (PICCS) : Not determined.
 United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.
 Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals : Not listed

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Chemical Weapons : Not listed
 Convention List Schedule II
 Chemicals

Chemical Weapons : Not listed
 Convention List Schedule III
 Chemicals

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
 DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
 EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
 RRN = REACH Registration Number

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Calculation method
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements : H302 Harmful if swallowed.
 H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
 H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H318 Causes serious eye damage.
 H330 Fatal if inhaled.
 H332 Harmful if inhaled.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.
 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] : Acute Tox. 2, H330 ACUTE TOXICITY: INHALATION - Category 2
 Acute Tox. 4, H302 ACUTE TOXICITY: ORAL - Category 4
 Acute Tox. 4, H312 ACUTE TOXICITY: SKIN - Category 4
 Acute Tox. 4, H332 ACUTE TOXICITY: INHALATION - Category 4
 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE) - Category 1
 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 1
 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2
 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 3
 Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
 Repr. 2, H361f TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION [Fertility] - Category 2
 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
 Skin Sens. 1, H317 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
 STOT SE 3, H335 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) [Respiratory tract irritation] - Category 3

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SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of abbreviated R phrases : R62- Possible risk of impaired fertility.
R26- Very toxic by inhalation.
R23- Toxic by inhalation.
R21/22- Harmful in contact with skin and if swallowed.
R34- Causes burns.
R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes.
R37- Irritating to respiratory system.
R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R52- Harmful to aquatic organisms.
R52/53- Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD] : Repr. Cat. 3 - Toxic to reproduction category 3
T+ - Very toxic
T - Toxic
C - Corrosive
Xn - Harmful
Xi - Irritant
N - Dangerous for the environment

(M)SDS no. : 00052968
Date of printing : 12/20/2012.
Date of issue/ Date of revision : 12/20/2012.
Date of previous issue : No previous validation.
Version : 1

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